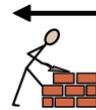




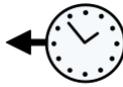
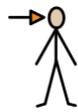
How Were the Pyramids Built?



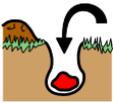
The Ancient Egyptians, who lived for around 3000 years, are remembered



more famously for building tall, massive structures called pyramids. These



were made for pharaohs, who were the leaders of Egyptians, to be

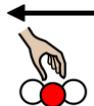


buried inside as well as show how powerful they were in the country

Egypt.



To begin with, the ancient Egyptians had to pick the perfect spot to



build their pyramids. They chose places where the land was



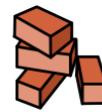
in abundance along the River Nile. They also needed lots of workers and



tools like ropes, sledges, and simple machines. The first step was to



build a strong foundation by the workers, who were slaves, and



levelled the ground. Then, they placed huge blocks of limestone in



trenches to form the pyramid's base.



On the whole, the most complicated part to build a pyramid was



1000



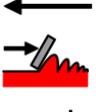
stacking thousands of limestone blocks on top of each other. They used

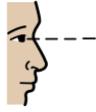


ramps made of mud, dirt, and wooden sledges to drag the

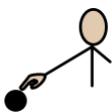


heavy blocks into position, however, it took lots of teamwork and muscle

power. As they  built higher, they  smoothed the sides of the  pyramid

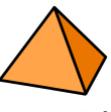
to make it  look neat and tidy. Inside, they  created  secret, large chambers,

which were  filled with  treasures, where the  pharaohs would be  buried

with  belongings for the afterlife. Finally, they added the finishing  touches by

 polishing the outside of the  pyramid to make it  shine in the  sun.

Still  standing today, these remarkable  structures  remind the  world

about the  Ancient Egyptians. The  pyramids are  visited by **1000** thousands of

 tourists every year to look at their impressive size and  learn more about the

 history of  Egypt.